

Institut Matériaux Microélectronique Nanosciences de Provence

A novel structure for Cooling Nano-devices: The Quantum Cascade Cooler

Guéric ETESSE Marc BESCOND

Collaborators: Kazuhiko Hirakawa, Xiangyu Zhu, Chloé Salhani



Institut Matériaux Microélectronique Nanosciences de Provence









Summary:

- Context
- Quantum Cascade Cooler
- Self-consistent method
- Proof of Concept
- Electrons temperature oscillations



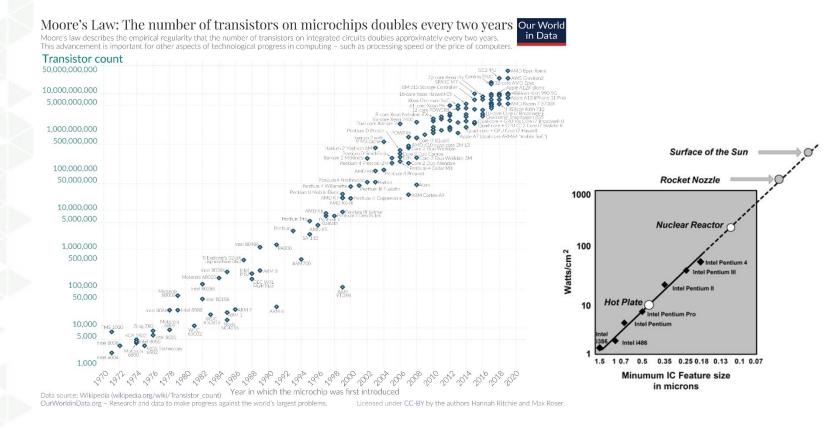








The need for new cooling devices:





Institut Matériaux Microélectronique Nanosciences de Provence cnrs



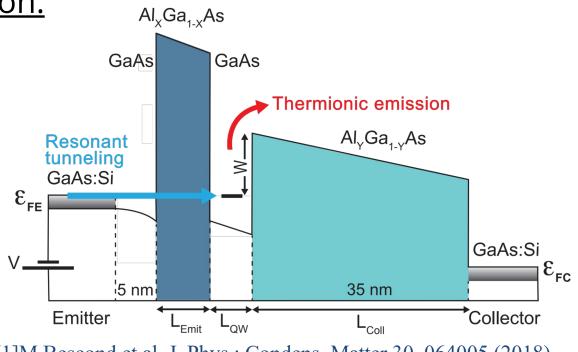








<u>Cooling nano-device based on therminonic</u> <u>emission:</u>



[1]M.Bescond et al. J. Phys.: Condens. Matter 30, 064005 (2018).

Injecting cold electrons by resonant tunelling and extracting hot electrons Thermionic cooling

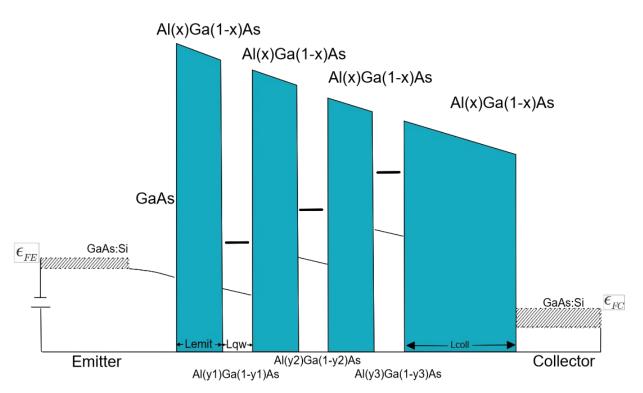








Quantum Cascade Cooler



<u>Typical layer length:</u> Lemit : 4nm Lqw : 4nm Lcoll : 12nm



Institut Matériaux Microélectronique Nanosciences de Provence



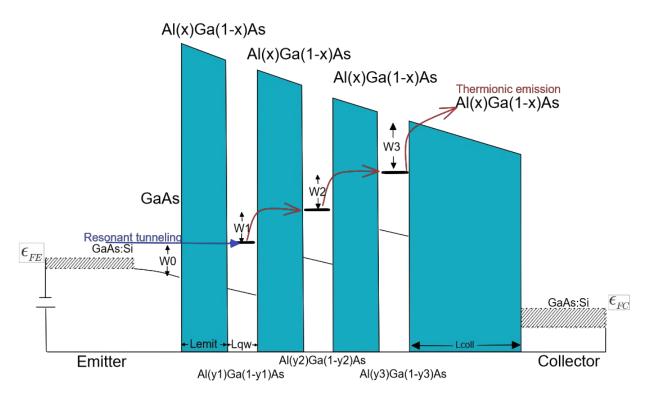








Quantum Cascade Cooler



<u>Typical layer length:</u> Lemit : 4nm Lqw : 4nm Lcoll : 12nm



Institut Matériaux Microélectronique Nanosciences de Provence











Self-consistent method

<u>Green's functions coupled to Heat and Poisson</u> <u>equations:</u>

NEGF equations for electrons

$$\left[EI - H - \Sigma_{\rm c} - \Sigma_{\rm ph}\right]G = I$$

Heat equation

$$-\nabla \cdot (\kappa_{\rm th} \nabla T_{\rm ac}) = Q \left[G^{\gtrless}(T_{ac}, T_{op}) \right]$$

 $\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{Poisson equation} \\ & \nabla.(\epsilon\nabla V) = -\rho\left[G^{\lessgtr}\right] \end{aligned}$

Including interactions with:

- Acoustic Phonons (AP) elastic
- Polar optical phonons (POP) inelastic [2]
 Through the self-energies

[2] M.Moussavou, et. al. Phys. Rev. Appl. 10, 064023 (2018).







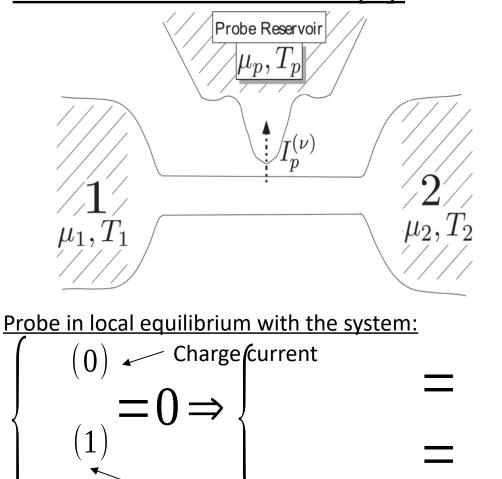






Self-consistent method

Virtual Büttiker Probes [3]:



Energy current

In out of equilibrium systems:

≠

8/17



Institut Matériaux Microélectronique Nanosciences de Provence



[3] C. A. Stafford, Phys. Rev. B 93, 245403 (2016).

Aix*Marseille Université

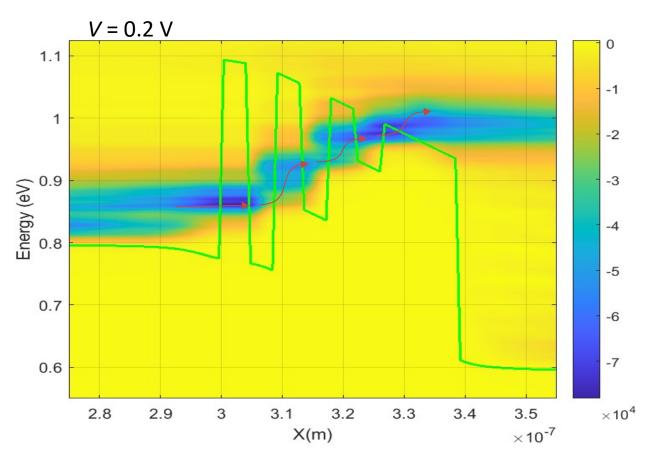






Proof of concept

Electron current spectrum:



Key message:

Electrons follow the quantum well states' increase in energy



Institut Matériaux Microélectronique Nanosciences de Provence



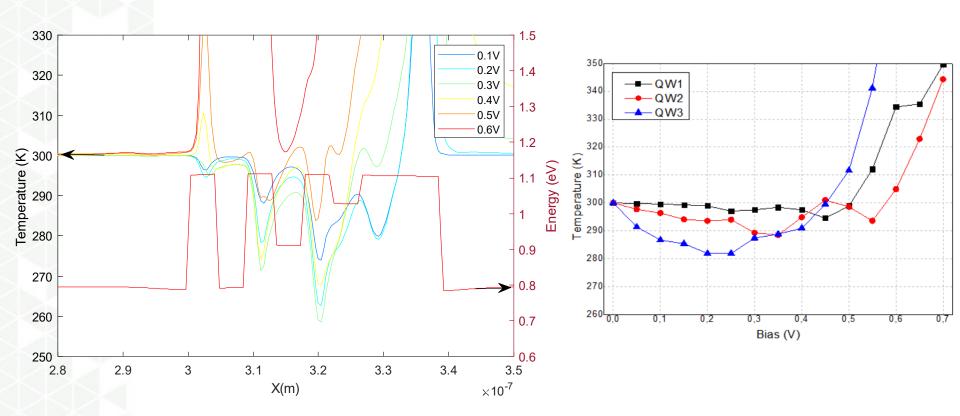
Aix*Marseille





Proof of concept

Electron temperatures:



Key message:

- Electrons are cooled, up to 20K inside the QWs
- Simplification of the structure may lead to a better understanding

Institut Matériaux Microélectronique Nanosciences de Provence



Aix*Marseille

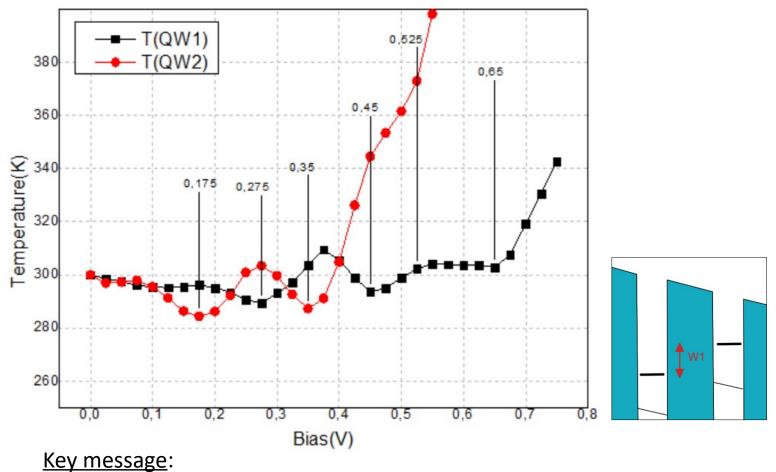




ALL IS DIGITAL!

Temperature oscillations

Electron temperatures: 2QW structure



- Anticorrelation between the electron temperatures
- Impact of activation energy (W1)?

Institut Matériaux Microélectronique Nanosciences de Provence

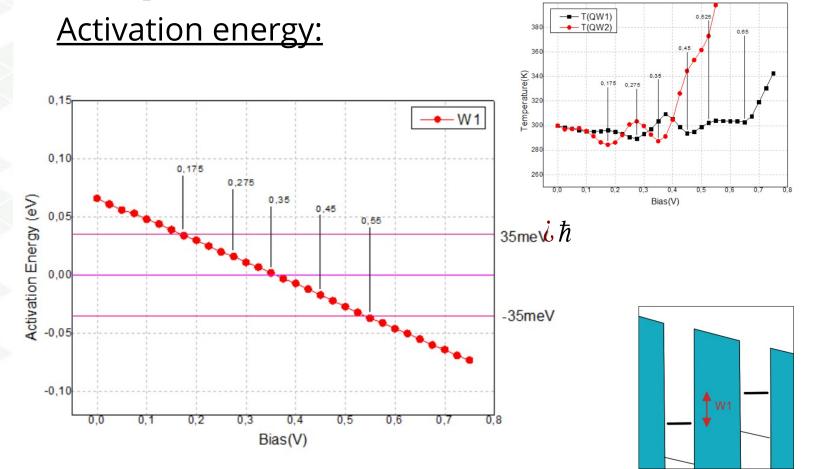


Aix*Marseille Université





Temperature oscillations



Key message:

Maxima and minima of electron temperature occur when



Institut Matériaux Microélectronique Nanosciences de Provence



Aix*Marseille





Conclusion

- Proof of concept for the Quantum Cascade Cooler, a new type of cooling nano-device
- Determination of the importance of the optical phonon energy in multiple quantum well heterostructure

Next step:

• Confirmation by experimental data









References

[1] M.Bescond et al. "Thermionic cooling devices based on resonant-tunneling AlGaAs/GaAs heterostructure"

• DOI: 10.1088/1361-648X/aaa4cf

[2] M.Moussavou, et. al. "Physically based diagonal treatment of polar optical phonon self-energy: performance assessment of III-V double-gate transistors,"

• DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevApplied.10.064023

[3] C. A. Stafford, "Local temperature of an interacting quantum system far from equilibrium"

• DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevB.93.245403

[4] A. Shastry and C. A. Stafford, "Temperature and voltage measurement in quantum systems far from equilibrium"

• DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevB.94.155433

<u>Acknowledgement</u>: ANR Project GELATO https://gelato-nanocoolers.im2np.fr











